# Differences in viability of small and large farms in redefined areas with natural constraints (ANC) in the Czech Republic

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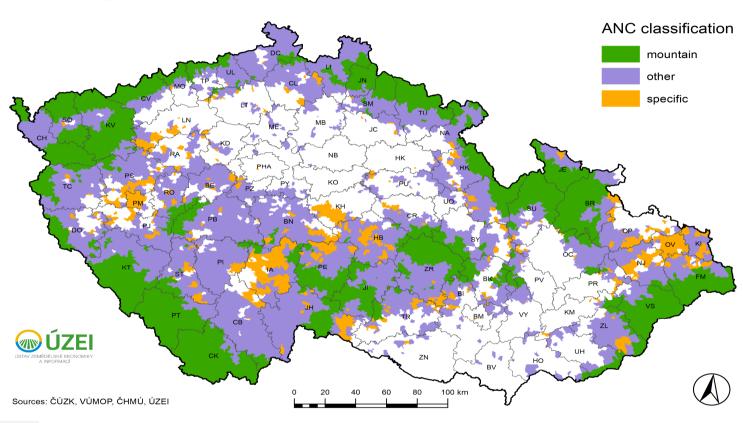
## LFA converted into ANC

- Redefined areas
- New scheme of payments
- Degressivity is the same (six size categories by UAA)
- The goal of ANC support?
  - Higher costs on cultivating UAA in ANC
  - Lower income
  - Negative impact of agriculture on environment
  - Land abandonment risk
- Objective:
  - To assess selected economic indicators of farms in ANC by size groups



# ANC since 2018

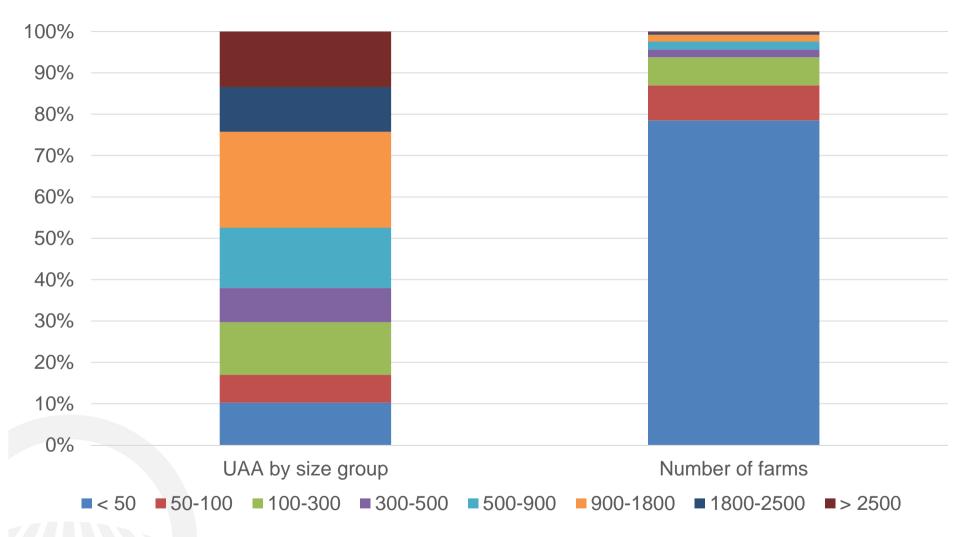
ANC delimitation 2018+



- Until 2017: 50.1% UAA
- Since 2018: 56.5% UAA (↑ O by 5.8%, S by 0.6%)

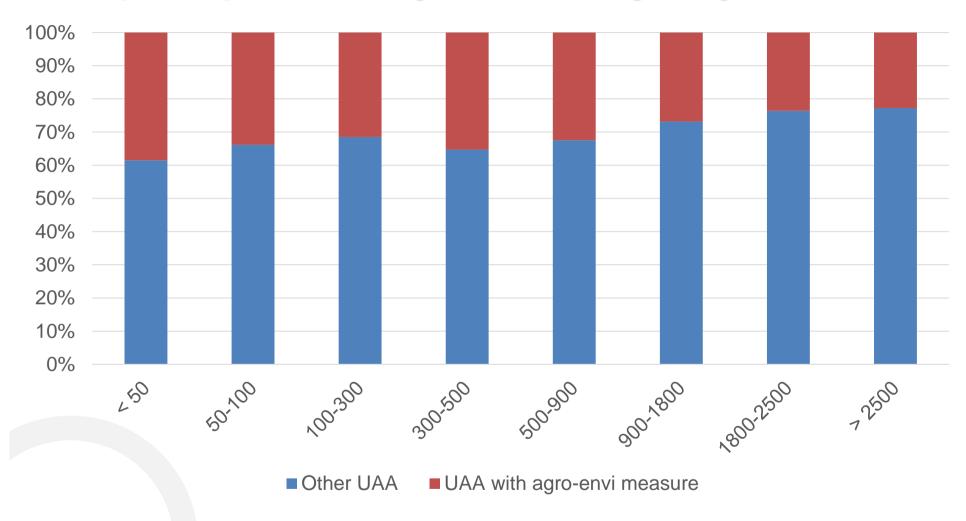


## Farms in ANC



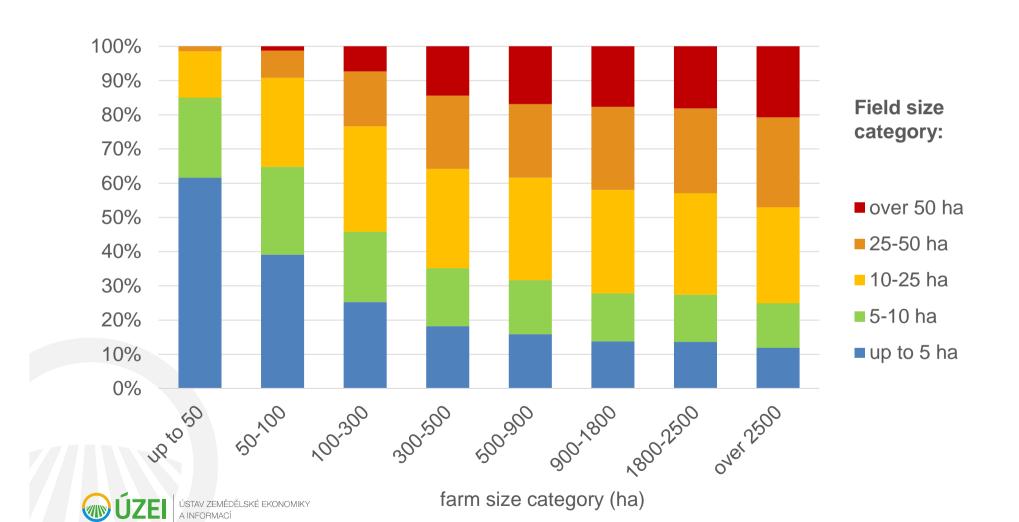
Dual farm structure: 80% of farms with 10% of UAA

# Farms in ANC with AGRO-ENVI



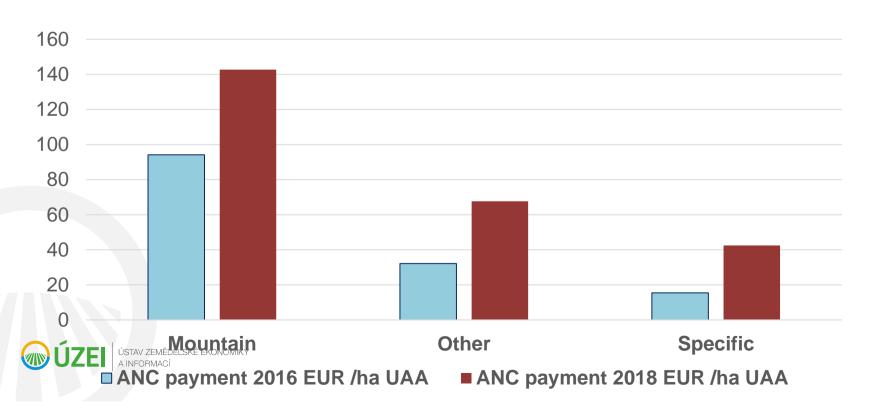


# Land use in ANC by size category

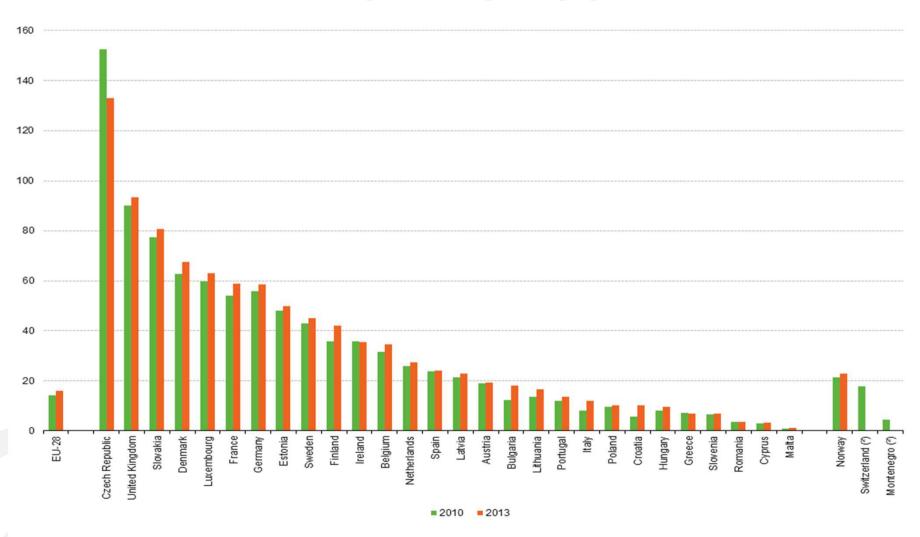


## Redefined ANC

- New payment scheme
- Farming system
  - Animal production: > 0.3 LU / ha UAA (coeff. 1.35)
  - Crop production: <= 0.3 LU /ha UAA (coeff. 0.58)



# Farm sizes



(1) Iceland not shown for reasons of scale: 2010 value was 616 hectares.

(2) 2013: not available.

Source: Eurostat (online data code: ef\_kvaareg)



# Degressivity of ANC payments

Since 2015, no changes in 2018

Category (ha UAA)	Rate (%)
up to 300	0
300-500	10
500-900	18
900-1800	22
1800-2500	27
more than 2500	30



# Inputs for analysis

#### Data

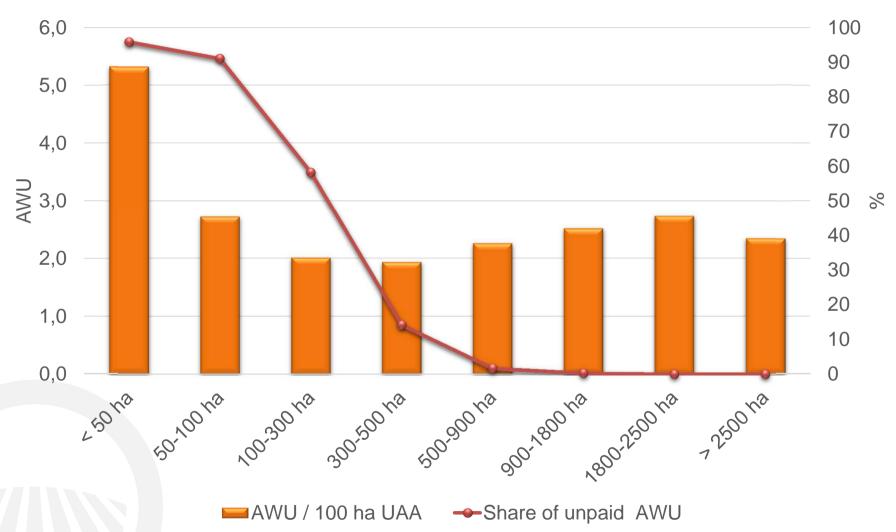
- FADN CZ, 2016, simulations with ANC conditions in 2018
- LPIS

#### • Indicators

- Farm net value added (FNVA)
- Current subsidies
- ANC payment
- Profit



#### **Employment**





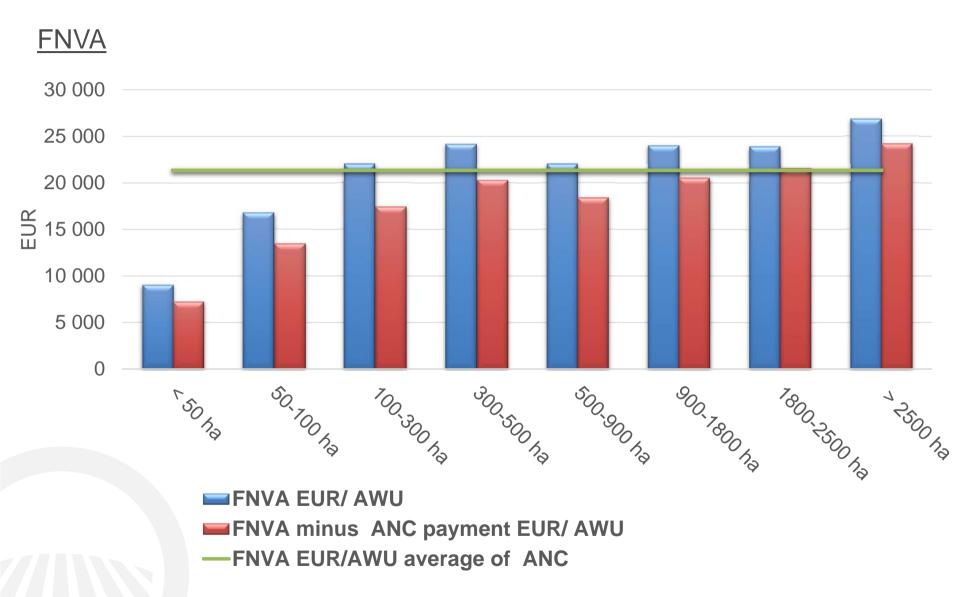
#### **Employment:** relation to animal production





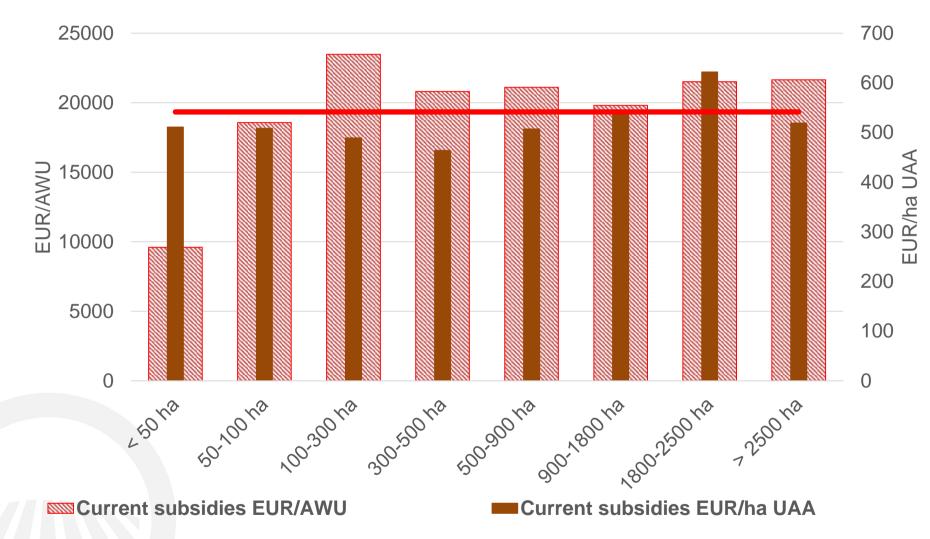




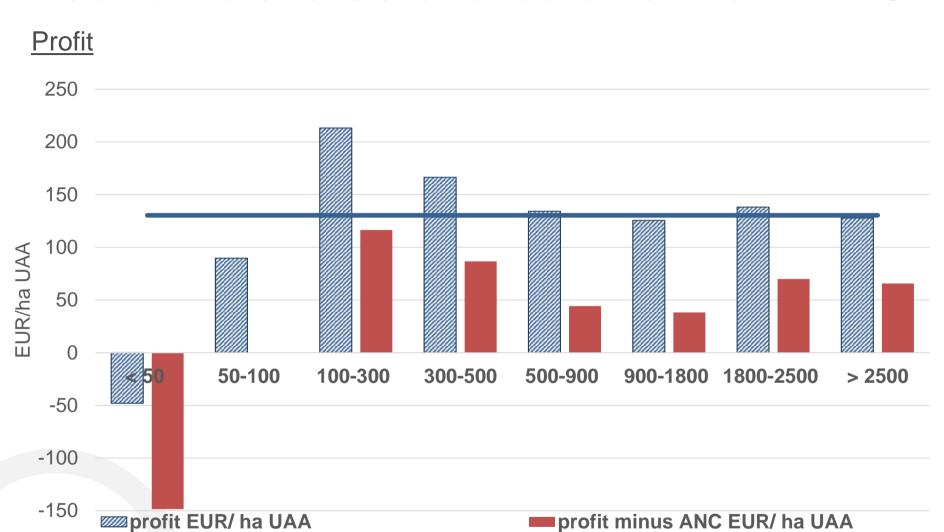




#### **Current subsidies**



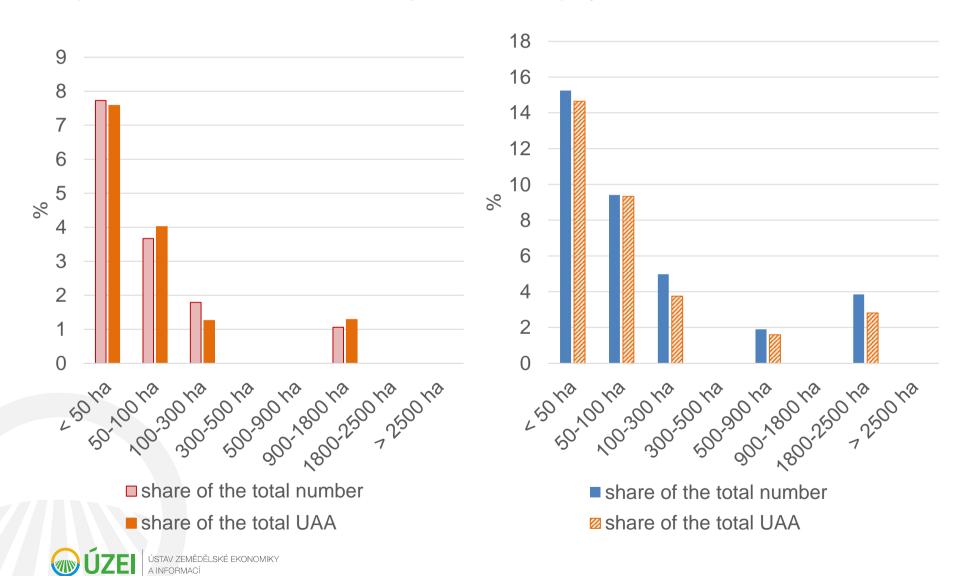




—profit EUR/ ha UAA average of ANC



Proportion of threated farms: impact of ANC payments



### Conclusion

- ↑ ha UAA ↓ dependence on LFA payments
- Smaller holdings: relatively strong dependence of FNVA on current subsidies. resp. LFA payments
- Smaller holdings (up to 100 ha in ANC) significantly lower FNVA/AWU
- ↓ size group ↑ proportion of threatened farms
- Importance of role of degressivity scheme in helping smaller farms

